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- (1) Funds advanced in excess of existing commitment;
- (2) A different borrower is substituted for a borrower who is subsequently released; or
- (3) An additional person becomes an obligor on the loan.
- (b) A commitment made prior to the effective date of these regulations which exceeds the lending and leasing limit may be funded to the full extent of the legal commitment. Any advances that exceed the lending and leasing limit are subject to the provisions prescribed in §614.4360.

[58 FR 40321, July 28, 1993. Redesignated and amended at 64 FR 34517, 34518, June 28, 1999]

Subpart K—Disclosure of Loan Information

SOURCE: 53 FR 35451, Sept. 14, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

§614.4365 Applicability.

This subpart applies only to loans from qualified lenders if the loans are not subject to the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*).

$\S 614.4366$ Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart, the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) Adjustable rate loan means a loan on which the interest rate payable over the term of the loan may be changed by a qualified lender. The term includes loans which are titled adjustable rate or variable rate or any other similar designation.
- (b) Effective interest rate means the interest rate applicable to the loan at a point in time, adjusted to take into consideration the amount of any stock or participation certificates which the borrower must purchase pursuant to bylaw, policy or regulation in order to obtain the loan, and any loan origination charges.
- (c) Fixed rate loan means any loan on which the interest rate is not subject to adjustment or variation over the term of the loan, even though the effective interest rate on the loan may be so subject.
- (d) Interest rate means the stated contract rate of interest applicable to the loan at a point in time, excluding any

charges payable by the borrower in obtaining the loan.

- (e) Loan means a loan made to a farmer, rancher, or producer or harvester of aquatic products, for any agricultural or aquatic purpose and other credit needs of the borrower, including financing for basic processing and marketing directly related to the borrower's operations and those of other eligible farmers, ranchers, and producers or harvesters of aquatic products.
- (f) Loan origination charges mean initial one-time transaction charges or fees, which may or may not be computed as a percentage of the transaction amount, and which are imposed on a borrower by a qualified lender to obtain a loan, but do not include charges imposed by someone other than the lender for services that are not required by the lender.
 - (g) Qualified lender means:
- (1) A System institution that makes loans (as defined in paragraph (e) of this section) except a bank for cooperatives; and
- (2) Each bank, institution, corporation, company, union, and association described in section 1.7(b)(1)(B) of the Act but only with respect to loans discounted or pledged under section 1.7(b)(1) of the Act.
- (h) Standard adjustments factors means those financial elements, including but not limited to, a qualified lender's cost of funds, operating expenses, provision for loan losses, and changes in retained earnings, which are typically taken into consideration by a qualified lender in adjusting the interest rate on loans.

§ 614.4367 Required disclosures—in general.

- (a) Each qualified lender shall furnish the following information in writing to a prospective borrower not later than the time of the loan closing:
- (1) The current rate of interest on the loan:
- (2) In the case of an adjustable rate loan:
- (i) The amount and frequency by which the interest rate can be adjusted during the term of the loan or, if there are no limitations on the amount or frequency of such adjustments, a statement to that effect; and